

GMES

- What is GMES?
- Implementation
- Architecture
- Services and the role of Pleiades
- Observation systems
- Data access

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GMES: a multi purpose tool in support of European policies

Joint initiative EC - ESA - MS to establish a European capacity of acquiring, processing, interpreting and distributing useful information to support:

- European policies, such as environment, CAP, security (Common Foreign and security Policy)...
- Europe' international commitments (Kyoto protocol)
- for implementation at European, national and regional, levels.

by providing the users with pertinent information.

Implementation

- GMES is a complex system of systems involving:
 - space-borne and in situ observation systems,
 - provision of user-tailored services.
- GMES is an EU-led initiative, in which:
 - ESA will implement the space component
 - the Commission will manage actions for identifying and developing services relying both on in-situ and space remote sensing data.

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Implementation

GMES is an user-driven initiative based on existing capacities:

- gradual implementation based on the maximum use of existing EO and in situ systems
 - harmonisation of currents initiatives
- support of the development of new capacities, if and where needed.

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GMES on tracks

After several years of R&D under the support of EC/FP and ESA/GSE, and also of national contributions, we have now a better idea of:

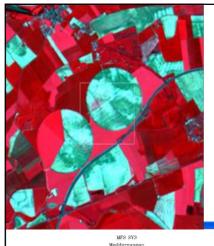
the priorities (fast tracks services concept) the space component the GMES governance

Ten years later this initiative is becoming concrete with:

- the set up of the sentinels space segment,
- the initiation of the Fast Track Services.
- the study of the overall GMES architecture.

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Temperature (degC)

The services

The "output" of GMES will be useroriented, sustainable and operational services.

These can be seen as divided in two groups:

- core services (the first of which - the Fast-Track services - will start their operational phase in 2008)

- Downstream services.



The services

Core services:

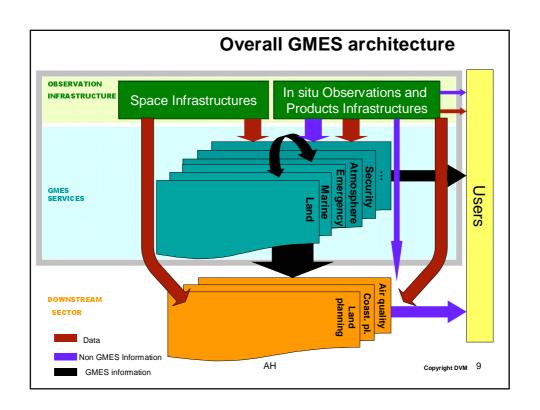
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- are common multi purpose information capacities that serve European public purposes
- therefore are selected and financed by public institutions.
- → EU is directly involved in the implementation of CS

Downstream services

- serve more specific needs (e.g. local or regional, specific thematic areas etc)
- -could involve the participation and financing of the private sector
- → DS fall out the perimeter of the overall GMES governance scheme

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GMES services

The European Commission has identified a set of three *Fast-track* GMES core services:

Land

Marine

Emergency

and two additional pilot services:

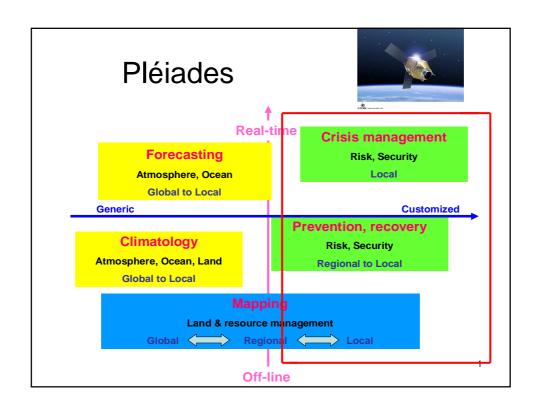
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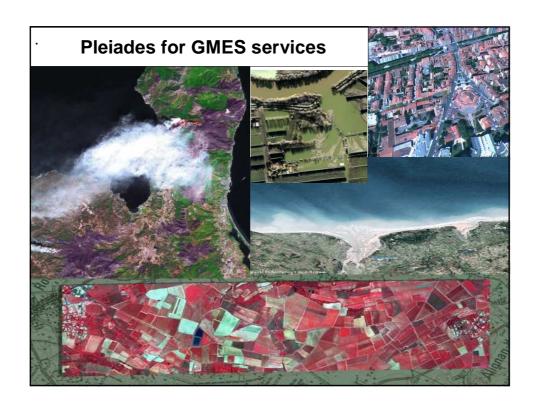
Atmospheric composition

The current call (2008) foresees the development of downstream services. The projects are expected :

- -to make the best use of the products the FST will provide
- -to be strongly user driven

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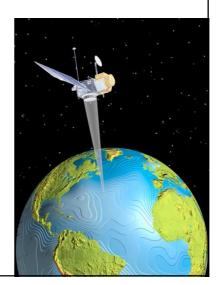


observation systems

In order to deliver operational services on a sustainable basis, GMES needs to have access to the data that underpin them.

This means that the adequate infrastructure has to be constantly available,

- be it specific to GMES or sharedbe it space based or in situ



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Data access

- The EC and the ESA have signed a grant that will allow the ESA to ensure the coordinated and timely supply of satellite based Earth Observation data for the preoperational phase of GMES from 2008 to 2010
- Through this grant, the GMES services being developed will benefit from free of charge access to their required space data.
- The GMES in-situ infrastructure is an asset of the Member States (and of their local or regional authorities)

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